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Gordon Natural Area Bird Survey Documents

Gordon Natural Area Bird Survey

1-24-2022

Annotated Checklist of the Avian Species Observed at the Gordon Natural Area (West Chester University, PA) 2003-2022. Version X

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Annotated Checklist of the Avian Species Observed at the Gordon Natural Area (West Chester University, PA) 2003-2022. Version X

Summary Data

Number of Surveys: 112 'Site Visits' by 44 Birders. Note: this does not count the birders who participated in the 2004 West Chester Bird Club Survey as participants were not identified by name on the data sheets.

Number of Taxa: 128 Species, in 88 Genera and 38 Families.

Years Noted: Although the title suggests that observations began in 2003, data for three species that were seen in the Gordon during 1970 are included here. This inclusion is because one of these species—the Blue Grosbeak—was observed in the GNA in 1970 and has not been noted since. Nevertheless, 2003 remains the 'starting year' because it represents the first year for which more than a single day's data exists.

Abundances

The color of each month's 'box' represents the average number of individuals observed during all surveys during that month (see key at the bottom of the page). The first number within the 'box' for each month represents the number of days in which that species was observed during the month; the second number represents the total number of days of surveying for that month.

Audubon Priority Birds: "are birds of significant conservation need, for which our actions, over time, can lead to measurable improvements in status" (Audubon 2020a).

PBS Status

Data are from the Pennsylvania Biological Survey (PBS 2020).

IUCN Status: Data are from the The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (IUCN 2020).

Threats

The 2014 climate threat assessment data are from Audubon (2020b). The 2020 climate threat assessment data (Audubon 2020c) were compiled from a query based on species' statuses in Zip Code 19383 and a query for species' statuses in Pennsylvania. The default was data for Zip Code 19383, whenever these were available.

Foraging Strategies and Food Sources

Data were compiled from the Audubon Guide to North American Birds website (Audubon 2020d). Ground Foraging Species (i.e., species that are either ground foragers or foliage-gleaners and which forage on invertebrates) were determined based on Conover (2011).

JAN FEB APR JUN AUG OCT DEC
 | | | | | | |
 MAR MAY JUL SEP NOV

Ducks, Geese, and Swans (Anatidae)

Wood Duck (*Aix sponsa*)

Years Observed: 2016; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/4/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Seeds (Primarily).

Mallard (*Anas platyrhynchos*)

Years Observed: 2016



Most Recently Observed: 5/7/2016

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

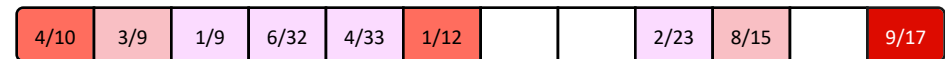
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Endangered

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Earthworms (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herbaceous Material (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Canada Goose (*Branta canadensis*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herbaceous Material (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



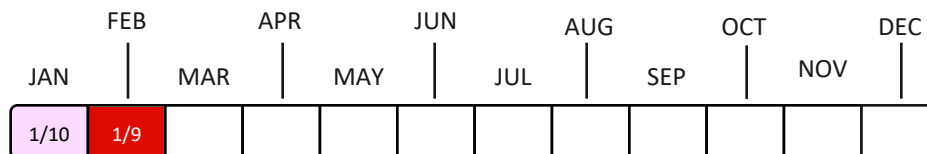
Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)

Snow Goose (*Chen caerulescens*)

Years Observed: 2018



Most Recently Observed: 2/5/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herbaceous Material (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Loons (Gaviidae)

Common Loon (*Gavia immer*)

Years Observed: 2019



Most Recently Observed: 4/19/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Endangered

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Primarily); Herbaceous Material (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herptiles (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Cormorants (Phalacrocoracidae)

Double-crested Cormorant (*Phalacrocorax auritus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2017-2019



Most Recently Observed: 3/29/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Primarily); Herbaceous Material (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



Uncommon (2-5)

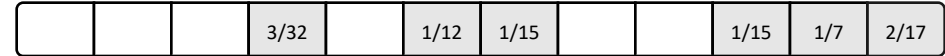


Rare (1)

JAN FEB APR JUN AUG OCT DEC
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 MAR MAY JUL SEP NOV

Bitterns, Herons, and Allies (Ardeidae)

Great Blue Heron (*Ardea herodias*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2017; 2020

Most Recently Observed: 11/4/2020

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Opportunistic

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Primarily); Herptiles (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Mammals (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Green Heron (*Butorides virescens*)



Years Observed:

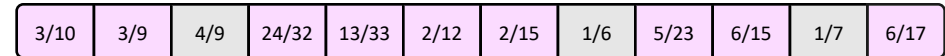
Most Recently Observed: 11/2/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

New World Vultures (Cathartidae)

Turkey Vulture (*Cathartes aura*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2015-2020

Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

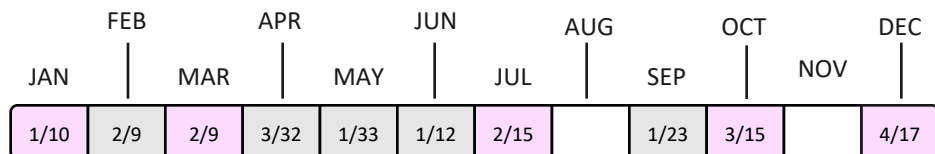
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Scavenger

Food Sources: Carrion (Primarily); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herbaceous Material (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Black Vulture (*Coragyps atratus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2016; 2017; 2019; 2020



Most Recently Observed: 10/22/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Scavenger

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Carrion (Primarily); Eggs (Secondarily/Seasonal); Garbage/Refuse (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herbaceous Material (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herptiles (Secondarily/Seasonal); Mammals (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Ospreys (Pandionidae)

Osprey (*Pandion haliaetus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2017



Most Recently Observed: 4/8/2017

Status

Pennsylvania Biological Survey Status: Pennsylvania Threatened

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Endangered

Food Sources: Birds (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Hawks, Kites, Eagles, and Allies (Accipitridae)

Cooper's Hawk (*Accipiter cooperii*)

Years Observed: 2016-2018



Most Recently Observed: 12/19/2020

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



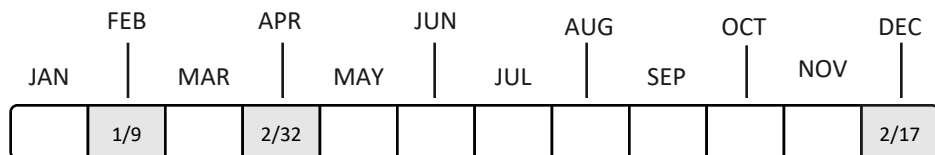
Fairly Common (6-29)



Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)



Sharp-shinned Hawk (*Accipiter striatus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015; 2016; 2020

Most Recently Observed: 2/25/2020

Status

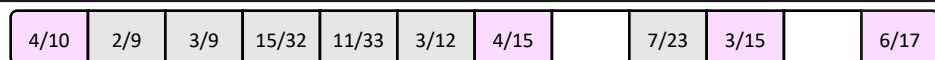
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Birds (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Red-tailed Hawk (*Buteo jamaicensis*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2019



Most Recently Observed: 1/24/2022

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Carrion (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herptiles (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Red-shouldered Hawk (*Buteo lineatus*)

Years Observed: 2014; 2018; 2020



Most Recently Observed: 5/13/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

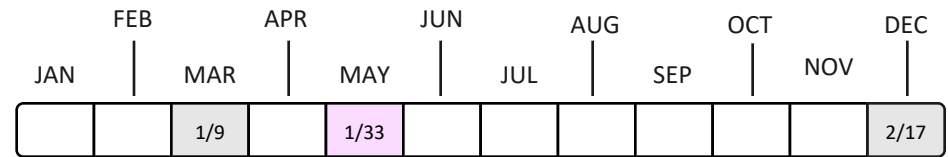
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Carrion (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herptiles (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Primarily).



Bald Eagle (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*)

Years Observed: 2015-2017



Most Recently Observed: 3/30/2021

Status

Audubon Priority Species

Pennsylvania Biological Survey Status: Pennsylvania Threatened

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Endangered

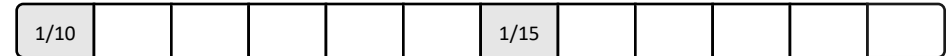
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Carrion (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Lapwings and Plovers (Charadriidae)

Killdeer (*Charadrius vociferus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2018



Most Recently Observed: 1/3/2018

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Rarely/Small Amounts).



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Sandpipers, Phalaropes, and Allies (Scolopacidae)

American Woodcock (*Scolopax minor*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2017; 2018

Most Recently Observed: 10/29/2018

Status

Audubon Priority Species

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Earthworms (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Greater Yellowlegs (*Tringa melanoleuca*)



Years Observed: 2004

Most Recently Observed: 9/5/2004

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Primarily); Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Gulls, Terns, and Skimmers (Laridae)

Ring-billed Gull (*Larus delawarensis*)



Years Observed: 2015; 2017; 2018

Most Recently Observed: 3/23/2018

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Endangered

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Primarily); Garbage/Refuse (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Mammals (Secondarily/Seasonal); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).



JAN FEB APR JUN AUG OCT DEC
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 MAR MAY JUL SEP NOV

Pigeons and Doves (Columbidae)

Rock Pigeon (*Columba livia*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2018



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

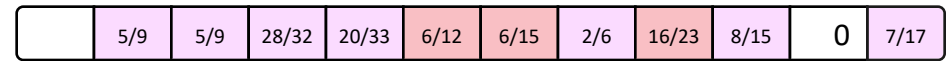
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Earthworms (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Primarily).

Mourning Dove (*Zenaida macroura*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

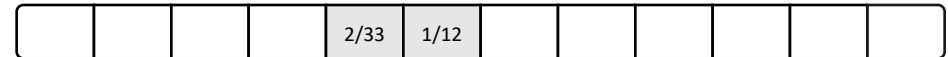
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Primarily).

Cuckoos, Roadrunners, and Anis (Cuculidae)

Yellow-billed Cuckoo (*Coccyzus americanus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2017



Most Recently Observed: 6/18/2017

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Eggs (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



JAN FEB APR JUN AUG OCT DEC
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 MAR MAY JUL SEP NOV

Typical Owls (Strigidae)

Great Horned Owl (*Bubo virginianus*)



Years Observed: 2011; 2016-2020

Most Recently Observed: 2/5/2021

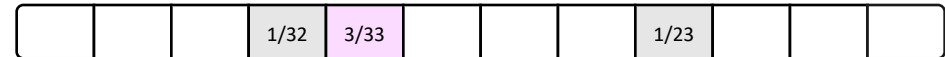
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Primarily).

Barred Owl (*Strix varia*)



Years Observed: 2016; 2017; 2019

Most Recently Observed: 9/16/2021

Status

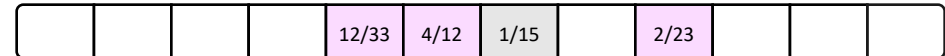
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Possibly); Herptiles (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Primarily).

Swifts (Apodidae)

Chimney Swift (*Chaetura pelagica*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019

Most Recently Observed: 6/17/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Vulnerable; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC

Hummingbirds (Trochilidae)

Ruby-throated Hummingbird (*Archilochus colubris*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2017; 2019

Most Recently Observed: 7/1/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Nectar (Primarily).

Kingfishers (Alcedinidae)

Belted Kingfisher (*Megaceryle alcyon*)



Years Observed: 2016; 2017

Most Recently Observed: 10/8/2021

Status

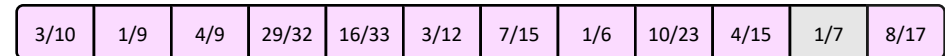
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Primarily); Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Woodpeckers and Allies (Picidae)

Northern Flicker (*Colaptes auratus*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2014-2020

Most Recently Observed: 1/19/2022

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

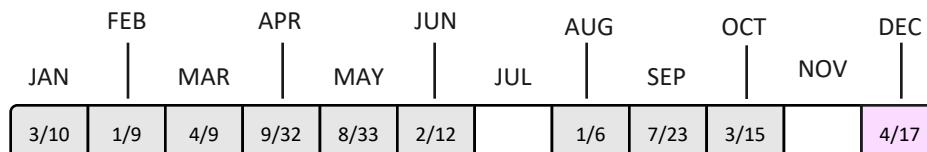
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).



Pileated Woodpecker (*Dryocopus pileatus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2016-2020



Most Recently Observed: 10/6/2021

Status

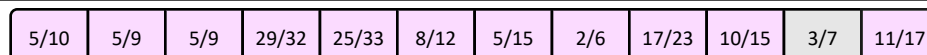
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Red-bellied Woodpecker (*Melanerpes carolinus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 1/13/2022

Status

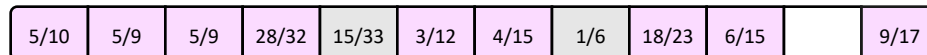
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Eggs (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Sap (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Downy Woodpecker (*Picoides pubescens*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

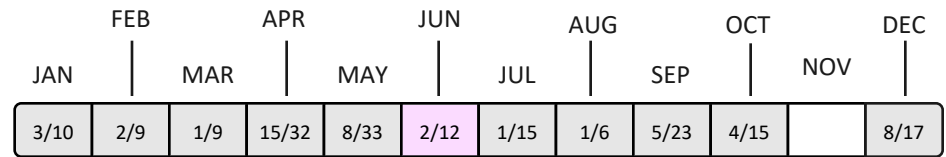
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).



Hairy Woodpecker (*Picoides villosus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 10/22/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

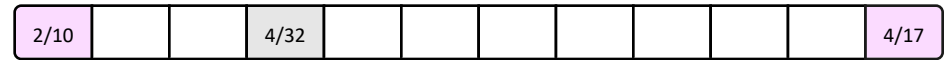
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Sap (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Yellow-bellied Sapsucker (*Sphyrapicus varius*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Sap (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Caracaras and Falcons (Falconidae)

Merlin (*Falco columbarius*)

Years Observed: 2017



Most Recently Observed: 4/14/2017

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

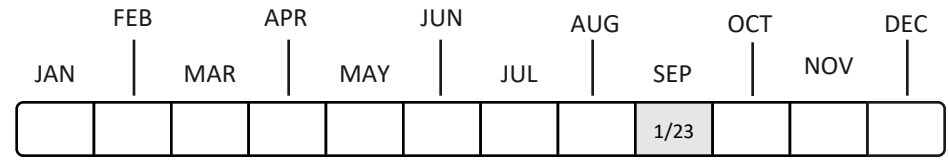
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Endangered

Food Sources: Birds (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Rarely/Small Amounts).



Peregrine Falcon (*Falco peregrinus*)

Years Observed: 2015



Most Recently Observed: 9/25/2015

Status

Pennsylvania Biological Survey Status: Pennsylvania Endangered

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Primarily); Carrion (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Mammals (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Tyrant Flycatchers (Tyrannidae)

Olive-sided Flycatcher (*Contopus cooperi*)

Years Observed: 2016



Most Recently Observed: 9/16/2016

Status

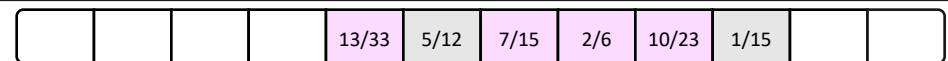
Pennsylvania Biological Survey Status: Pennsylvania Extirpated

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Near Threatened; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Eastern Wood-pewee (*Contopus virens*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2015-2020



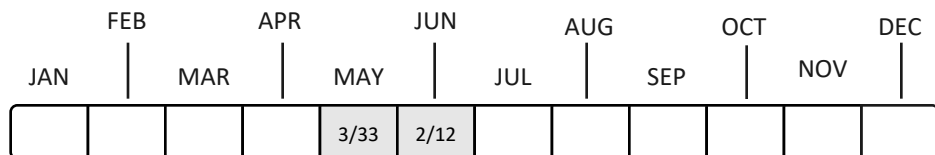
Most Recently Observed: 9/10/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).





Willow Flycatcher (*Empidonax traillii*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2017

Most Recently Observed: 5/16/2017

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Possibly).



Acadian Flycatcher (*Empidonax virescens*)

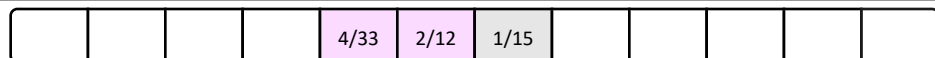
Years Observed: 2018

Most Recently Observed: 5/11/2018

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



Great Crested Flycatcher (*Myiarchus crinitus*)

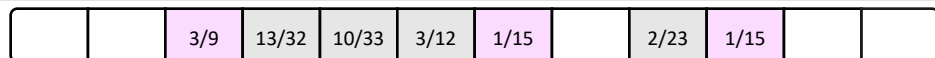
Years Observed: 2004

Most Recently Observed: 5/19/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



Eastern Phoebe (*Sayornis phoebe*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019

Most Recently Observed: 3/30/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

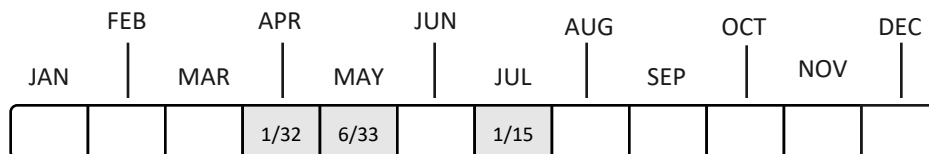
Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Eastern Kingbird (*Tyrannus tyrannus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

Status

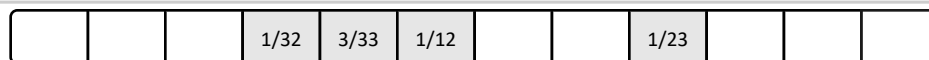
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Vireos (Vireonidae)

Yellow-throated Vireo (*Vireo flavifrons*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2017; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/9/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Warbling Vireo (*Vireo gilvus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

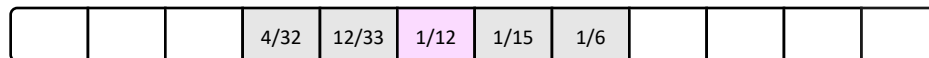
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

White-eyed Vireo (*Vireo griseus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2017; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

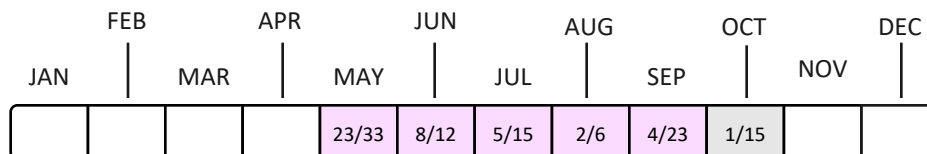
Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Red-eyed Vireo (*Vireo olivaceus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2020



Most Recently Observed: 9/15/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Blue-headed Vireo (*Vireo solitarius*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2017



Most Recently Observed: 10/22/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

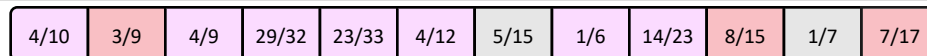
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Jays and Crows (Corvidae)

American Crow (*Corvus brachyrhynchos*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Opportunistic

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Carrion (Secondarily/Seasonal); Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Eggs (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Garbage/Refuse (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



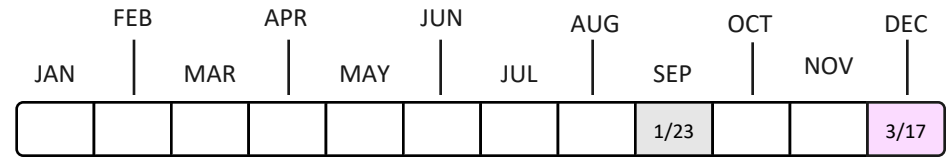
Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)

Common Raven (*Corvus corax*)

Years Observed: 2017; 2018



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

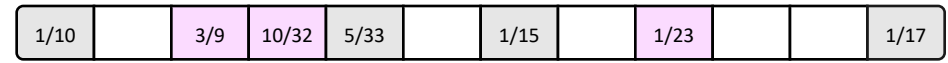
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Carrion (Secondarily/Seasonal); Eggs (Secondarily/Seasonal); Garbage/Refuse (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Mammals (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Fish Crow (*Corvus ossifragus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2019



Most Recently Observed: 9/10/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

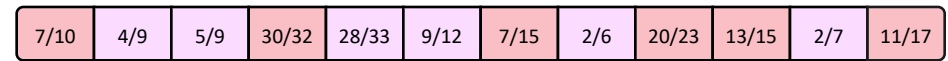
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Scavenger (Sometimes); Opportunistic

Food Sources: Carrion (Secondarily/Seasonal); Eggs (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Garbage/Refuse (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Blue Jay (*Cyanocitta cristata*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 1/24/2022

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Opportunistic

Food Sources: Carrion (Rarely/Small Amounts); Eggs (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Mammals (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:

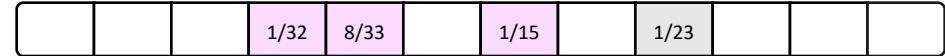


JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC

Swallows (Hirundinidae)

Barn Swallow (*Hirundo rustica*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Northern Rough-winged Swallow (*Stelgidopteryx serripennis*)

Years Observed: 2016; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 4/19/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Tree Swallow (*Tachycineta bicolor*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 3/30/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

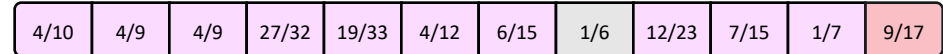
Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Rarely/Small Amounts).



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 MAR MAY JUL SEP NOV

Chickadees and Titmice (Paridae)

Tufted Titmouse (*Baeolophus bicolor*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2011; 2014-2020

Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Black-capped Chickadee (*Poecile atricapillus*)



Years Observed: 2017

Most Recently Observed: 1/12/2017

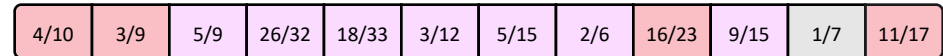
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Carrion (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Carolina Chickadee (*Poecile carolinensis*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020

Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).



JAN FEB APR JUN AUG OCT DEC
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Nuthatches (Sittidae)

Red-breasted Nuthatch (*Sitta canadensis*)



Years Observed: 2017

Most Recently Observed: 1/12/2017

Status

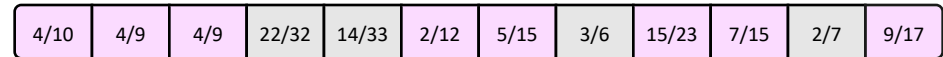
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

White-breasted Nuthatch (*Sitta carolinensis*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020

Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Creepers (Certhiidae)

Brown Creeper (*Certhia americana*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2014; 2016; 2018; 2019

Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Endangered

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

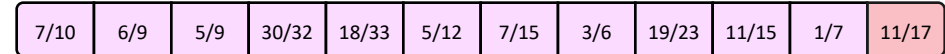
Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).



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 MAR MAY JUL SEP NOV

Wrens (Troglodytidae)

Carolina Wren (*Thryothorus ludovicianus*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020

Most Recently Observed: 1/19/2022

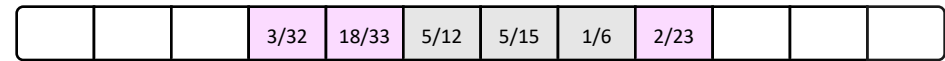
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

House Wren (*Troglodytes aedon*)



Years Observed: 1970; 2004; 2015-2019

Most Recently Observed: 8/4/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Winter Wren (*Troglodytes hiemalis*)



Years Observed: 2014; 2017-2020

Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Unknown

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

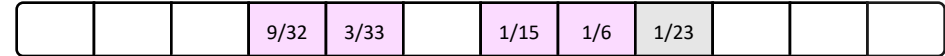


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 MAR MAY JUL SEP NOV

Gnatcatchers and Gnatwrens (Poliopitilidae)

Blue-gray Gnatcatcher (*Poliopitila caerulea*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2020



Most Recently Observed: 4/14/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Kinglets (Regulidae)

Ruby-crowned Kinglet (*Regulus calendula*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 10/22/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Nectar (Rarely/Small Amounts); Sap (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Golden-crowned Kinglet (*Regulus satrapa*)

Years Observed: 2014; 2017; 2018; 2020



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Sap (Rarely/Small Amounts).

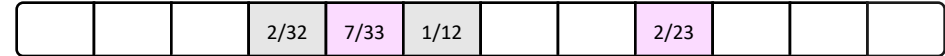


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 MAR MAY JUL SEP NOV

Thrushes (Turdidae)

Veery (*Catharus fuscescens*)

Years Observed: 2015-2019



Most Recently Observed: 9/24/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

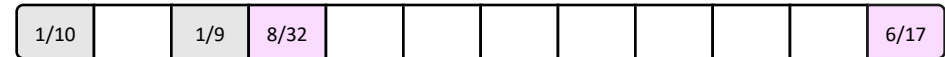
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Hermit Thrush (*Catharus guttatus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015; 2017-2019



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fruits (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Gray-cheeked Thrush (*Catharus minimus*)

Years Observed: 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/9/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Unknown

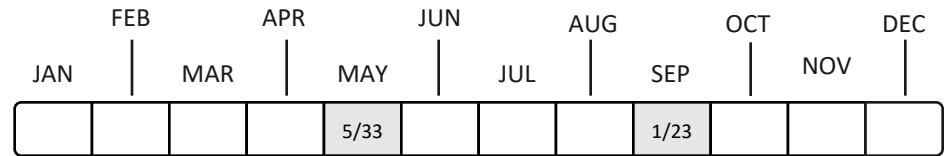
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



Swainson's Thrush (*Catharus ustulatus*)

Years Observed: 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/19/2021

Status

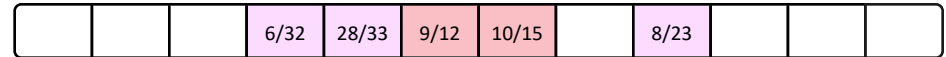
Pennsylvania Biological Survey Status: Candidate Rare

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Unknown

Food Sources: Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Wood Thrush (*Hylocichla mustelina*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2015-2020



Most Recently Observed: 9/15/2021

Status

Audubon Priority Species

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Foraging Strategies: Ground Forager

Food Sources: Earthworms (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Eastern Bluebird (*Sialia sialis*)

Years Observed: 2011; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fruits (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



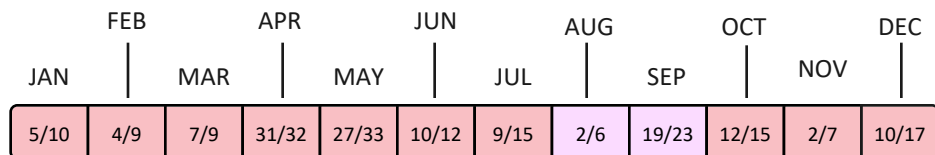
Fairly Common (6-29)



Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)



American Robin (*Turdus migratorius*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2011; 2014-2020

Most Recently Observed: 1/19/2022

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

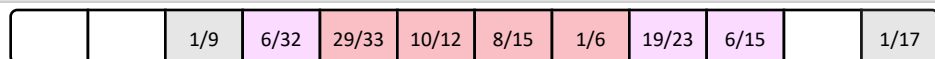
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Ground Forager

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Mockingbirds and Thrashers (Mimidae)

Gray Catbird (*Dumetella carolinensis*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2015-2019

Most Recently Observed: 10/22/2021

Status

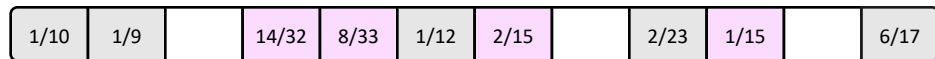
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Moderate (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Foraging Strategies: Ground Forager

Food Sources: Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Northern Mockingbird (*Mimus polyglottos*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2011; 2014; 2015-2018; 2020

Most Recently Observed: 12/20/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



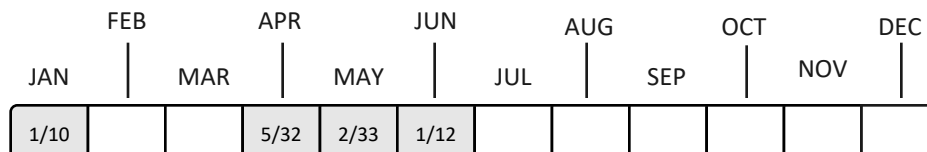
Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)

Brown Thrasher (*Toxostoma rufum*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2018



Most Recently Observed: 1/3/2018

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

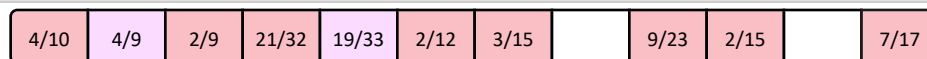
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fruits (Primarily); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

Starlings (*Sturnidae*)

European Starling (*Sturnus vulgaris*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 10/22/2021

Status

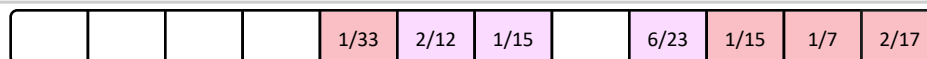
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Nectar (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Waxwings (*Bombycillidae*)

Cedar Waxwing (*Bombycilla cedrorum*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2018



Most Recently Observed: 11/2/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Sap (Rarely/Small Amounts).



JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC

Wood-Warblers (Parulidae)

Canada Warbler (*Cardellina canadensis*)



Years Observed: 2018

Most Recently Observed: 9/14/2018

Status

Audubon Priority Species

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Wilson's Warbler (*Cardellina pusilla*)



Years Observed: 2019

Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

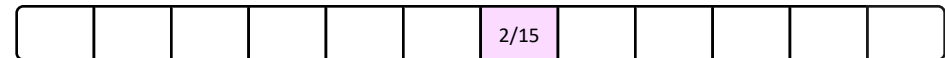
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Kentucky Warbler (*Geothlypis formosa*)



Years Observed: 1970; 2004

Most Recently Observed: 7/4/2004

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

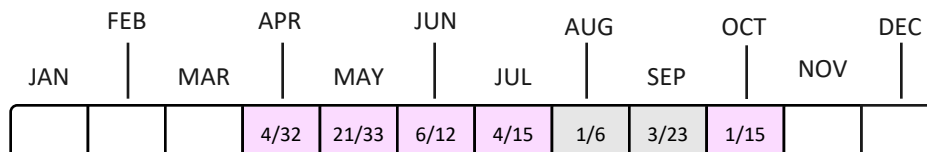
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



Common Yellowthroat (*Geothlypis trichas*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 6/30/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Worm-eating Warbler (*Helminthos vermivorum*)

Years Observed: 2004



Most Recently Observed: 5/23/2004

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) High (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Earthworms (Possibly); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Yellow-breasted Chat (*Icteria virens*)

Years Observed: 2016



Most Recently Observed: 7/27/2016

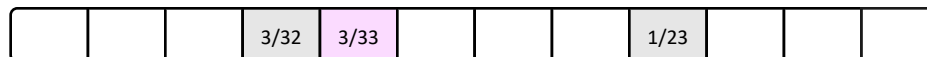
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Food Sources: Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Black-and-white Warbler (*Mniotilta varia*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 9/24/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



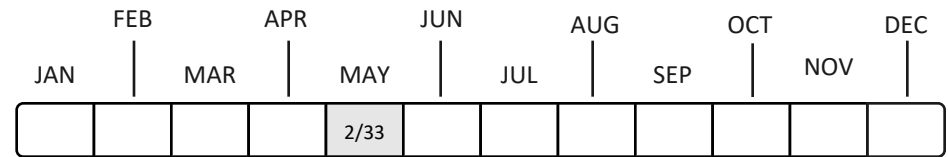
Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)

Nashville Warbler (*Oreothlypis ruficapilla*)

Years Observed: 2017; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

Status

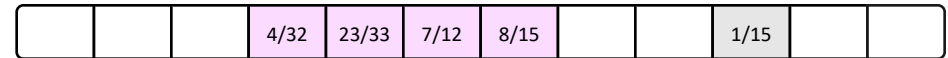
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Ovenbird (*Seiurus aurocapilla*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 7/8/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Ground Forager

Food Sources: Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Northern Parula (*Setophaga americana*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/13/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



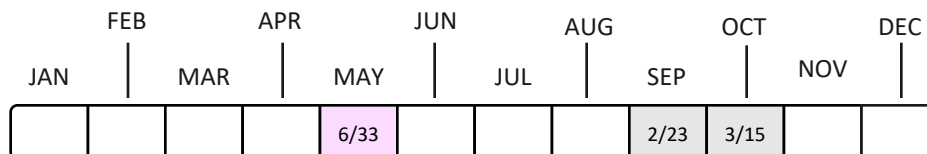
Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)

Black-throated Blue Warbler (*Setophaga caerulescens*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 10/8/2021

Status

Audubon Priority Species

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Nectar (Secondarily/Seasonal); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Bay-breasted Warbler (*Setophaga castanea*)

Years Observed: 2018



Most Recently Observed: 10/5/2018

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Hooded Warbler (*Setophaga citrina*)

Years Observed: 2016; 2017



Most Recently Observed: 4/28/2017

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Yellow-rumped Warbler (*Setophaga coronata*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2019



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Unknown

Food Sources: Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



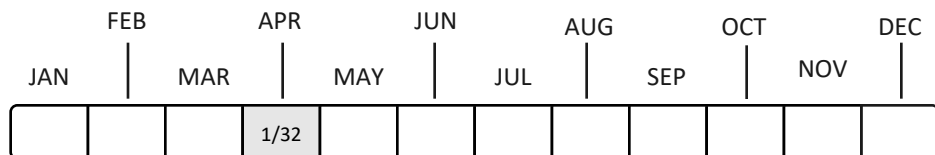
Fairly Common (6-29)



Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)



Prairie Warbler (*Setophaga discolor*)

Years Observed: 2017

Most Recently Observed: 4/28/2017

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Sap (Rarely/Small Amounts).



Blackburnian Warbler (*Setophaga fusca*)

Years Observed: 2017; 2018

Most Recently Observed: 10/5/2018

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



Magnolia Warbler (*Setophaga magnolia*)

Years Observed: 2018; 2019

Most Recently Observed: 9/22/2021

Status

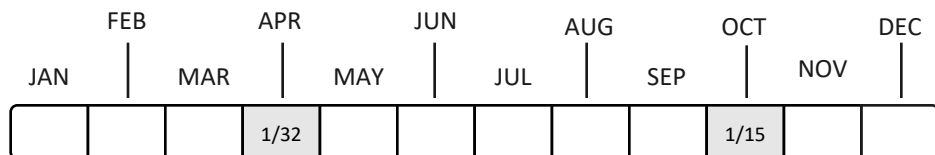
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).





Palm Warbler (*Setophaga palmarum*)

Years Observed: 2019

Most Recently Observed: 10/4/2019

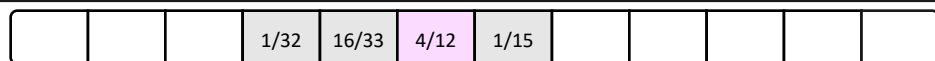
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Endangered

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).



Yellow Warbler (*Setophaga petechia*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2018

Most Recently Observed: 5/4/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).



American Redstart (*Setophaga ruticilla*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019

Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

Status

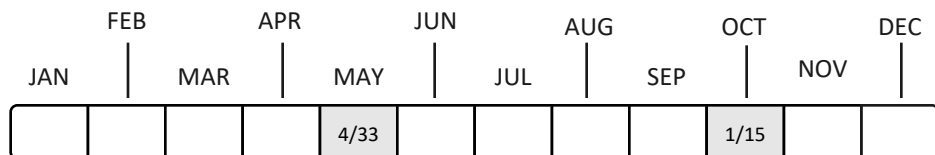
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).





Blackpoll Warbler (*Setophaga striata*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2018; 2019

Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

Status

Pennsylvania Biological Survey Status: Pennsylvania Endangered

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Near Threatened; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Cape May Warbler (*Setophaga tigrina*)

Years Observed: 2018; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 10/18/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Nectar (Secondarily/Seasonal); Sap (Rarely/Small Amounts).

Black-throated Green Warbler (*Setophaga virens*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2017; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/13/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



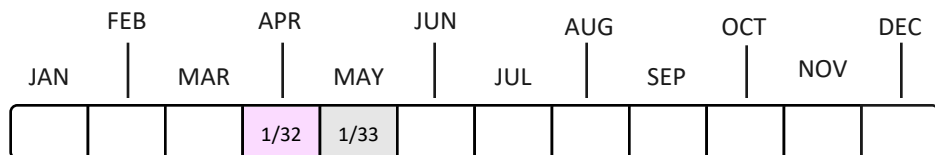
Fairly Common (6-29)



Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)



Blue-winged Warbler (*Vermivora cyanoptera*)

Years Observed: 2017; 2019

Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Emberizids (Emberizidae)

Dark-eyed Junco (*Junco hyemalis*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020

Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

Swamp Sparrow (*Melospiza georgiana*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2014; 2016; 2017; 2019

Most Recently Observed: 4/19/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



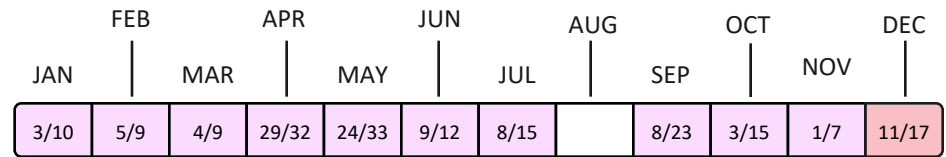
Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)

Song Sparrow (*Melospiza melodia*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2011; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

Savannah Sparrow (*Passerculus sandwichensis*)

Years Observed:



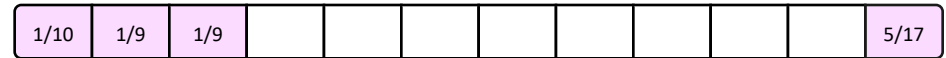
Most Recently Observed: 2/5/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Fox Sparrow (*Passerella iliaca*)

Years Observed: 2017-2019



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

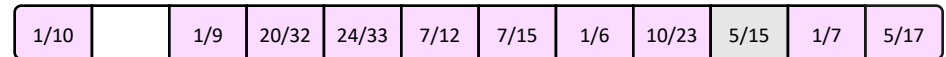
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Food Sources: Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

Eastern Towhee (*Pipilo erythrophthalmus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2020



Most Recently Observed: 1/19/2022

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

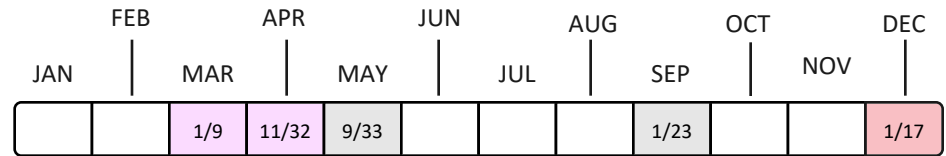
Foraging Strategies: Ground Forager

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).



Chipping Sparrow (*Spizella passerina*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

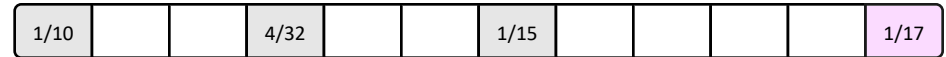
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

Field Sparrow (*Spizella pusilla*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2017; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 12/14/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

American Tree Sparrow (*Spizelloides arborea*)

Years Observed: 2018



Most Recently Observed: 3/23/2018

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

White-throated Sparrow (*Zonotrichia albicollis*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 1/24/2022

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

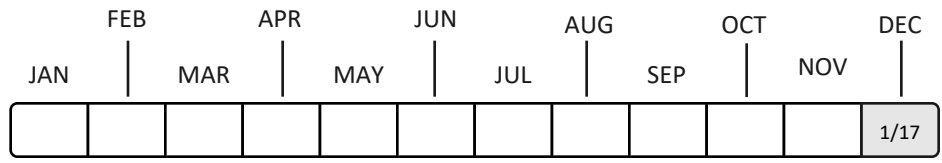
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): High (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:





White-crowned Sparrow (*Zonotrichia leucophrys*)

Years Observed: 2015

Most Recently Observed: 12/19/2015

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Seeds (Primarily).

Cardinals, Piranga Tanagers and Allies (Cardinalidae)

Northern Cardinal (*Cardinalis cardinalis*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020

Most Recently Observed: 1/24/2022

Status

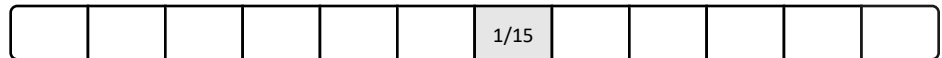
IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Foraging Strategies: Ground Forager

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

Blue Grosbeak (*Passerina caerulea*)



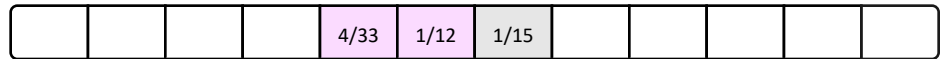
Years Observed:

Most Recently Observed: 7/11/1970

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

Indigo Bunting (*Passerina cyanea*)



Years Observed: 2004; 2018; 2019

Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



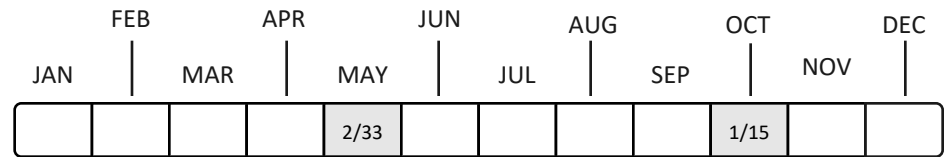
Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)

Rose-breasted Grosbeak (*Pheucticus ludovicianus*)

Years Observed: 2018; 2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/10/2019

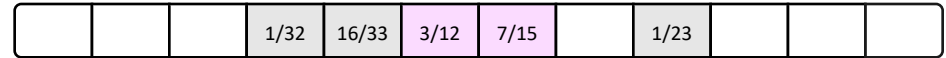
Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Scarlet Tanager (*Piranga olivacea*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2006; 2016-2018; 2020



Most Recently Observed: 5/19/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

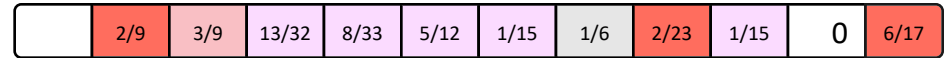
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Food Sources: Earthworms (Rarely/Small Amounts); Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily).

Blackbirds (Icteridae)

Red-winged Blackbird (*Agelaius phoeniceus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2014-2019



Most Recently Observed: 10/22/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

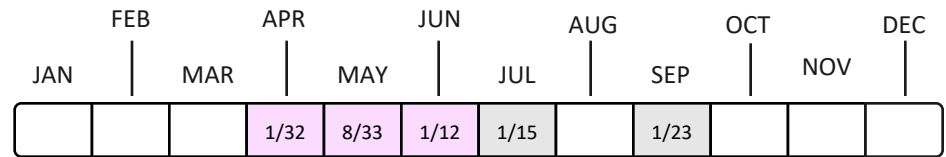
Food Sources: Fruits (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Baltimore Oriole (*Icterus galbula*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016-2019



Most Recently Observed: 5/13/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Primarily); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Nectar (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Orchard Oriole (*Icterus spurius*)

Years Observed: 2019



Most Recently Observed: 4/26/2019

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Stable

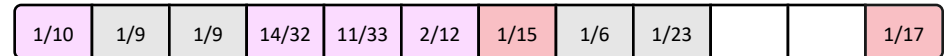
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Nectar (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Brown-headed Cowbird (*Molothrus ater*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2020



Most Recently Observed: 4/11/2020

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

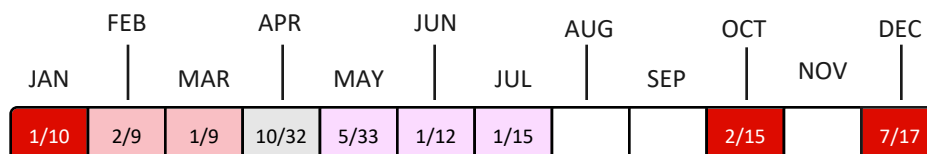
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Stable (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Seeds (Primarily).



Common Grackle (*Quiscalus quiscula*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2015-2019



Most Recently Observed: 1/18/2022

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Near Threatened; Global Population: Decreasing

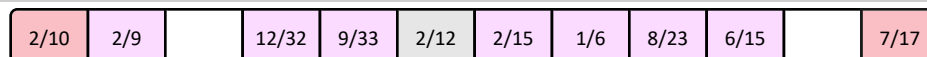
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Birds (Secondarily/Seasonal); Earthworms (Secondarily/Seasonal); Eggs (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fish and Other Aquatic Life (Secondarily/Seasonal); Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herptiles (Rarely/Small Amounts); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Primarily); Mammals (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Secondarily/Seasonal).

Fringilline and Cardueline Finches and Allies (Fringillidae)

House Finch (*Haemorhous mexicanus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2011; 2014-2020



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

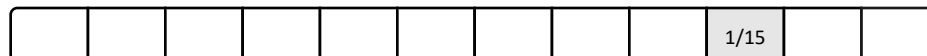
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Low (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Primarily).

Purple Finch (*Haemorhous purpureus*)

Years Observed: 2018



Most Recently Observed: 10/5/2018

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2014): Climate Threatened

Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Low (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for the state of Pennsylvania

Food Sources: Fruits (Secondarily/Seasonal); Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Primarily).

Key to Abundances:



Abundant (100+)



Common (30-99)



Fairly Common (6-29)



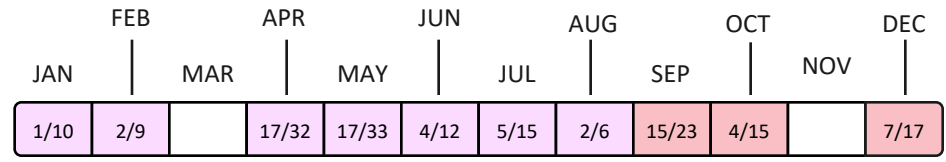
Uncommon (2-5)



Rare (1)

American Goldfinch (*Spinus tristis*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2014-2019



Most Recently Observed: 12/18/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Increasing

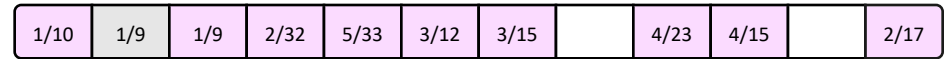
Audubon Climate Threat Level (2020): Moderate (Summer) Stable (Winter) — Assessments evaluated for Zip Code 19383

Food Sources: Herbaceous Material (Secondarily/Seasonal); Insects and Other Invertebrates (Secondarily/Seasonal); Sap (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Primarily).

Old World Sparrows (Passeridae)

House Sparrow (*Passer domesticus*)

Years Observed: 2004; 2016; 2017; 2019; 2020



Most Recently Observed: 10/22/2021

Status

IUCN: Redlist Global Status: Least Concern; Global Population: Decreasing

Food Sources: Insects and Other Invertebrates (Rarely/Small Amounts); Seeds (Primarily).



References

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Audubon. 2020d. Audubon Guide to North American Birds. <https://www.audubon.org/bird-guide>. Date accessed: 7/7/2020.

Conover, A. M. 2011. The Impact of Non-native Plants on Bird Communities in Suburban Forest Fragments. Master of Science. Department of Entomology and Wildlife Ecology. University of Delaware, Newark, DE. 44 pp.

[IUCN] International Union for the Conservation of Species. 2020. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. Version 2020-2. <https://www.iucnredlist.org>. Date Accessed: 6/30/2020.

[PBS] Pennsylvania Biological Survey Status. 2020. <http://www.pabiologicalsurvey.org/>.

[PNHP] Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program. 2020. Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Environmental Review List (<http://www.naturalheritage.state.pa.us/Species.aspx>); Date accessed: 3/27/2020.

Metadata

This document was generated from the GNA Avian database. Database created and data maintained by Nur Ritter, Stewardship Manager, Gordon Natural Area.

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